SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

SRI SATYA SAI UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY AND MEDICAL SCIENCES

Syllabus of Examination - AICTE Pattern

Undergraduate Degree Courses in Engineering & Technology

Department of Computer Science & Engineering

CSA-701
Ad-Hoc And Sensor Network

SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT NAME	L	T	P	TOTAL CRADIT
CSA-701	Ad-HOC AND SENSOR NETWORK	3	0	2	4

OBJECTIVE:-

To understand the state–of–the–art in network protocols, architectures and applications, Analyze existing network protocols and networks, Develop new protocols in networking, To understand how networking research is done, To investigate novel ideas in the area of Networking via term–long research projects

OUTCOME:-

After completion of the course the student will be able to

- Describe the unique issues in ad-hoc/sensor networks.
- Describe current technology trends for the implementation and deployment of wireless ad-hoc/sensor networks.
- Discuss the challenges in designing MAC, routing and transport protocols for wireless ad-hoc/sensor networks.
- Discuss the challenges in designing routing and transport protocols for wireless Ad-hoc/sensor networks.

UNIT-I (8 Hr.)

Introduction :Introduction-Fundamentals of Wireless Communication Technology, The Electromagnetic Spectrum, GSM, GPRS, PCS, WLAN and UMTS, Components of Packet Radios, Routing in PRNETs, Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Wireless Sensor Networks, Traffic Profiles, Types of Ad Hoc Mobile Communications, Types of Mobile Host Movements, Challenges Facing Ad Hoc Mobile Networks.

UNIT II (9 Hr.)

Ad Hoc wireless MAC protocols-Introduction, Synchronous and asynchronous MAC protocols, Problem in Ad Hoc channel access, Receiver-initiated and sender-initiated MAC protocols, Existing Ad Hoc MAC protocols, Ad Hoc Routing Protocols-Introduction, Classifications of Routing Protocols: Table-Driven Routing Protocols –Destination Sequenced

Distance Vector (DSDV), Wireless Routing Protocol (WRP), Source-Initiated On-Demand Approaches -Ad Hoc On-Demand Distance Vector Routing (AODV), Dynamic Source Routing (DSR), Temporally Ordered Routing Algorithm (TORA), Signal Stability Routing (SSR) LocationAided Routing (LAR).

UNIT III (8 Hr.)

Multicast routing In Ad Hoc Networks : Introduction, Issues in Designing a Multicast Routing Protocol, Operation of Multicast Routing Protocols, An Architecture Reference Model for Multicast Routing Protocols, Classifications of Multicast Routing Protocols, Tree-Based Multicast Routing Protocols, Mesh-Based Multicast Routing Protocols, Summary of Tree-and Mesh-Based Protocols -Energy-Efficient Multicasting.

UNIT IV (7 Hr.)

Transport Layer, Security Protocols : Introduction, Issues in Designing a Transport Layer Protocol for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Design Goals of a Transport Layer Protocol for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Classification of Transport Layer Solutions, TCP Over Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Network Security Requirements, Issues and Challenges in Security Provisioning, Network Security Attacks, Key Management.

UNIT V (8 Hr.)

QoS and Energy Management : Introduction, Issues and Challenges in Providing QoS in Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Classifications of QoS Solutions, MAC Layer Solutions, Network Layer Solutions,Energy Management in Ad Hoc Wireless Networks –Introduction, Need for Energy Management in Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Classification of Energy Management Schemes.

REFERENCES BOOKS:-

1. C. Siva Ram Murthy and B.S. Manoj “Ad Hoc Wireless Networks: Architectures and Protocols”, Pearson Education.

2. C.K. Toh, “Ad Hoc Mobile Wireless Networks: Protocols and Systems”, Pearson Education.

3. George Aggelou, “Mobile Wireless Networks”, Tata McGraw-Hill.

LIST OF EXPERIMENT:-

1. Introduction of Wireless sensor network applications and its simulation.
2. Network Simulator installation of wireless sensor network.
3. Write TCL script for transmission between mobile nodes.
4. Write TCL script for sensor nodes with different parameters.
5. Generate tcl script for udp and CBR traffic in WSN nodes.
6. Generate tcl script for TCP and CBR traffic in WSN nodes.
7. Implementation of routing protocol in NS2 for AODV protocol.
8. Implementation of routing protocol in NS2 for DSR protocol.
9. Implementation of routing protocol in NS2 for TORA protocol.
10. Study other wireless sensor network simulators (Mannasim. Contiki.)

CSA-702
Digital Image Processing

SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT NAME	L	T	P	TOTAL CRADIT
CSA-702	DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING	3	0	2	4

OBJECTIVE:-

- Describe and explain basic principles of digital image processing;
- Design and implement algorithms that perform basic image processing (e.g., noise removal and image enhancement);
- Design and implement algorithms for advanced image analysis (e.g., image compression, image segmentation & image representation);
- Assess the performance of image processing algorithms and systems.

OUTCOME:-

- Design and Implementation of different transforms like: Fourier Transform, Z Transform, Discrete Cosine Transform, Walsh Transform, Hadamard Transform,
- Design and Implementation of Digital Filters like: FIR, IIR.
- Design and Implementation of multi-rate and adaptive systems.
- Power spectrum estimation and analysis

UNIT-I (8 Hr.)

Digital Image Processing: Elements of a Digital Image Processing system, Structure of the Human eye, Image formation and contrast sensitivity, Sampling and Quantization, Neighbors of a pixel, Distance measures, Photographic file structure and exposure, File characteristics, Linear scanner, Video camera, Image processing applications.

UNIT-II (7 Hr.)

Image Transforms: Introduction to Fourier transform DFT, Properties of two dimensional FT, Separability, Translation, Periodicity, Rotation, Average value, FFT algorithm, Walsh transform, Hadamard transform, Discrete Cosine transform.

UNIT-III (8 Hr.)

Image Enhancement: Definition, Spatial domain methods, Frequency domain methods, Histogram modify technique, Neighborhood averaging, Media filtering, Lowpass filtering, Averaging of multiple images, Image sharpening by differentiation and high pass filtering.

UNIT-IV (9 Hr.)

Image Restoration: Definition, Degradation model, Discrete formulation, Circulant matrices, Block circulant matrices, Effect of diagnolization of circulant and block circulant matrices, Unconstrained and constrained restorations, Inverse filtering, Wiener filter, Restoration in spatial domain.

UNIT-V (8 Hr.)

Image Encoding: Objective and subjective fidelity criteria, Basic encoding process, The mapping, The quantizer, The coder, Differential encoding, Contour encoding, Run length encoding, Image encoding relative to fidelity criterion, Differential pulse code modulation.

REFERENCES:

1. Rafael, C. Gonzlez., and Paul, Wintz, “Digital Image Processing”, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company.
2. Jain Anil K., “Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing”, Prentice Hall.
3. Sosenfeld, and Kak, A.C., “Digital Image Processing”, Academic Press
4. William K. Pratt., “Digital Image Processing”, John Wiley and Sons.

LIST OF EXPERIMENT:-

1. To study the Image Processing concept.
2. To obtain histogram equalization image.
3. To Implement smoothing or averaging filter in spatial domain.
4. Program for opening and closing of the image.
5. To fill the region of interest for the image.
6. Program for edge detection algorithm.
7. Program of sharpen image using gradient mask.
8. Program for morphological operation: erosion and dilation
9. Program for DCT/IDCT computation.

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Undergraduate Degree Courses in Engineering & Technology

Department of Computer Science & Engineering

CSA-703(A)
Artificial Intelligence

SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT NAME	L	T	P	TOTAL CRADIT
CSA-703(A)	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE	3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVE:-

It presents the concepts of Artificial Intelligence and the participants will get to work in the areas of Machine learning, Deep Learning, implement methods to solve problems using Artificial Intelligence and Natural Language Processing, etc.

OUTCOME:-

This course is designed in synchronization with the industry to provide the participants in-depth knowledge and skills required by AI fields around the globe. It provides comprehensive knowledge about the fundamental principles, methodologies and industry practices in AI.

- Fundamentals of neural networks and fuzzy logic.
- Supervised learning and unsupervised learning.
- Neuro dynamical models

UNIT-I (9 Hr.)

Introduction: Artificial Intelligence, AI Problems, AI Techniques, The Level of the Model, Criteria For Success. Defining the Problem as a State Space Search, Problem Characteristics, Production Systems, Search: Issues in The Design of Search Programs, Un-Informed Search, BFS, DFS; Heuristic Search Techniques: Generate-And-Test, Hill Climbing, Best-First Search, A*Algorithm, Problem Reduction, AO*Algorithm, Constraint Satisfaction, Means-Ends Analysis.

UNIT:-II (8 Hr.)

Knowledge Representation: Procedural Vs Declarative Knowledge, Representations & Approaches to Knowledge Representation, Forward Vs Backward Reasoning, Matching Techniques, Partial Matching, Fuzzy Matching Algorithms and RETE Matching Algorithms; Logic Based Programming-AI Programming languages: Overview of LISP, Search Strategies in LISP, Pattern matching in LISP , An Expert system Shell in LISP, Over view of Prolog, Production System using Prolog

UNIT-III (8 Hr.)

Reasoning under Uncertainty: Introduction to Non-Monotonic Reasoning, Truth Maintenance Systems, Logics for Non-Monotonic Reasoning, Model and Temporal Logics; Statistical Reasoning: Bayes Theorem, Certainty Factors and Rule-Based Systems, Bayesian Probabilistic Inference, Bayesian Networks, Dempster-Shafer Theory, Fuzzy Logic: Crisp Sets ,Fuzzy Sets, Fuzzy Logic Control, Fuzzy Inferences & Fuzzy Systems.

UNIT-IV (7 Hr.)

Overview of Computational Intelligence and Artificial Evolution , Artificial Neural Networks (ANNs), Introduction to ANNs, Learning in ANNs, Supervised Learning in ANNs, Unsupervised Learning in ANNs, Reinforcement Learning in ANNs, Deep Learning in ANNs, Performance of ANNs.

UNIT-V (8 Hr.)

Artificial Evolution, Fundamentals of Evolution, Introduction to Evolutionary Computation (EC), Common EC Methods, Genetic Algorithms, Genetic Programming, Evolutionary Programming, Evolution Strategies, Grammatical Evolution, Cultural Evolution, Introduction to Artificial Life (A Life), Artificial Neural Networks and Artificial Evolution, Introduction to Neuro evolution, Topology Evolution, Learning Rule Evolution, Deep Neuro evolution.

TEXTBOOKS:-

1. Artificial Intelligence, George F Luger, Pearson Education Publications
2. Artificial Intelligence, Elaine Rich and Knight, Mcgraw-Hill Publications
3. Computational Intelligence: An Introduction, Second Edition, Andries P. Engelbrecht, 2007,
4. Bio-Inspired Artificial Intelligence: Theories, Methods, and Technologies, Dario Floreano and Claudio Mattiussi, 2008, The MIT Press
5. Writing for Computer Science, Third Edition, Justin Zobel, 2014, Springer

REFERANCES:-

1. Introduction To Artificial Intelligence & Expert Systems, Patterson, PHI
2. Multi Agent systems-a modern approach to Distributed Artificial intelligence, Weiss.G, MIT Press.
3. Artificial Intelligence : A modern Approach, Russell and Norvig, Printice Hall

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Undergraduate Degree Courses in Engineering & Technology

Department of Computer Science & Engineering

CSA-703(B)
Neural Network

SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT NAME	L	T	P	TOTAL CRADIT
CSA-703(B)	Neural Network	3	0	0	3

Objective:

Introduce major deep learning algorithms, the problem settings, and their applications to solve real world problems.

Outcomes:

- Describe the structure and function of the most common artificial neural network (ANN) types, e.g. multi-layer perceptron, recurrent network, self-organizing maps, Boltzmann machine, deep belief network, auto encoder, and provide examples of their applications
- Explain mechanisms of supervised/unsupervised learning from data and information processing in different ANN architectures, and also account for derivations of the basic ANN algorithms discussed in the course
- Demonstrate when and how deep architectures lead to increased performance in pattern recognition and data mining problems
- Quantitatively analyse the process and outcomes of learning in ANNs, and account for their shortcomings, limitations
- Apply, validate and evaluate suggested types of ANNs in typical small problems in the realm of regression, prediction, pattern recognition, scheduling and optimisation
- Devise and implement ANN approaches to selected problems in pattern recognition, system identification or predictive analytics using commonly available development tools, and critically examine their applicability

Unit-I

Neural Network (NN): Introduction, benefits of neural network, models of a neuron, neural network as directed graph, network architectures, artificial intelligence and neural network. **Learning processes:** error correction learning, memory based learning, Hebbian learning, competitive learning, Boltzman learning, learning tasks, adaptation, statistical nature of learning process, statistical learning theory.

Unit-II

Perceptrons

Single layer perceptrons: adaptive filtering problem, unconstrained optimization technique, linear least squares filter, least mean square algorithm (LMS), perceptron convergence theorem.

Multilayer perceptron: architecture, back propagation algorithm, generalization, approximations of functions, network pruning techniques

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Unit-III

Radial Basis Function (RBF) Networks: Cover's theorem on the separability of patterns, interpolation problem, supervised learning as an Ill-posed hypersurface reconstruction problem, regularization theory, regularization network, generalized radial basis function networks (RBF), estimation of the regularization parameter, approximation properties of RBF networks, comparison of RBF networks and multilayer perceptrons, Kernel regression and its relation to RBF networks, learning strategies.

Unit-IV

Information-Theoretic Models: Entropy, maximum entropy principle, mutual information, Kullback-Leibler divergence, mutual information as an objective function to be optimized, maximum mutual information principle, infomax and redundancy reduction, spatially coherent and incoherent features, independent components analysis, maximum likelihood estimation, maximum entropy method.

Unit V

Dynamically Driven Recurrent Networks: Introduction, recurrent network architectures, state space model, non-linear autogressive with exogenous inputs model, computational power of recurrent networks, learning algorithms, back propagation through time, real time recurrent learning, Kalman filter, decoupled Kalman filter, vanishing gradients in recurrent networks, system identification, model reference adaptive control.

References:

1. S. Haykin: Neural Networks- A Comprehensive Foundation, PHI Learning.
2. S. N. Sivanandam, S. Sumathi and S. N. Deepa: Introduction to Neural Networks using Matlab 6.0, TMH, New Delhi.
3. J. A Freeman and D. M. Skapura: Fundamentals of Neural Networks- algorithms, applications and programming techniques, Pearson Education.
4. M. T. Hagan, H. B. Demuth and M. Beale: Neural Network Design, Cengage Learning.
5. J.A Anderson: An introduction ro Neural Networks, PHI Learning.
6. Satish Kumar: Neural Networks, TMH, New Delhi.

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Undergraduate Degree Courses in Engineering & Technology

Department of Computer Science & Engineering

CSA-704(A)
Information And Storage Management

SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT NAME	L	T	P	TOTAL CRADIT
CSA-704(A)	INFORMATION AND STORAGE MANAGEMENT	3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVE:-

ISM is very useful for efficient and effective planning and control functions of the management. Management is the art of getting things done through others. MIS will be instrumental in getting the things done by providing quick and timely information to the management. Reports give an idea about the performance of men, materials, machinery, money and management. Reports throw light on the utilization of resources employed in the organization.

OUTCOME:-

- Search, retrieve and synthesize information from a variety of systems and sources.
- Evaluate systems and technologies in terms of quality, functionality, cost-effectiveness and adherence to professional standards.
- Integrate emerging technologies into professional practice.
- Apply theory and principles to diverse information contexts

UNIT-I (8 Hr.)

Introduction:-Data proliferation, evolution of various storage technologies, Overview of storage infrastructure components,Data creation and The value of data to a business,Information Lifecycle Management, Challenges in data storage and data management, Solutions available for data storage, Core elements of a Data Center infrastructure,Data categorization.

UNIT-II (8 Hr.)

Storage Systems Architecture:-Intelligent disk subsystems overview, Contrast of integrated vsmodular arrays, Component architecture of intelligent disk subsystems, Disk physical structure components, properties, performance, and specifications, RAID levels & parity algorithms, hot sparing, Front end to host storage provisioning, mapping and operation.

UNIT-III (9 Hr.)

Introduction To Networked Storage:-Evolution of networked storage, Architecture, components, and topologies of FC-SAN, NAS,IP-SAN, Applications, Elements, connectivity, standards, management, security and limitations of DAS, NAS, CAS & SAN.

Introduction to Information Availability: -Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery Basics, Local business continuity techniques, Remote business continuity techniques, Disaster Recovery principles & techniques.

UNIT-IV (8 Hr.)

Managing & Monitoring:-Management philosophies (holistic vs. system & component), Industry management standards (SNMP, SMI-S, CIM), Standard framework applications, Key management, Metric analysis methodologies & trend analysis, Reactive and pro-active management best practices, Provisioning & configuration change planning, Problem reporting, prioritization, and handling techniques, Management tools overview.

UNIT-V (7 Hr.)

Securing Storage and Storage Virtualization:-Information security, Critical security attributes for information systems, Storage security domains, List and analyzes the common threats in each domain, Virtualization technologies, block-level and file-level virtualization technologies and processes.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. EMC Corporation, Information Storage and Management, Wiley, India.
2. Robert Spalding, “Storage Networks: The Complete Reference“, Tata McGraw Hill, Osborne,
3. Marc Farley, “Building Storage Networks”, Tata McGraw Hill ,Osborne, 2001.
4. Additional resource material on www.emc.com/resource-library/resource-library.esp

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CSA-704(B)
Optimization Techniques

SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT NAME	L	T	P	TOTAL CRADIT
CSA-704(B)	OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES	3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVE:-

The student should be made to:

- Be exposed to compiler writing tools.
- Learn to implement the different Phases of compiler
- Be familiar with control flow and data flow analysis
- Learn simple optimization techniques

OUTCOME:-

- Implement the different Phases of compiler using tools
- Analyze the control flow and data flow of a typical program
- Optimize a given program
- Generate an assembly language program equivalent to a source language program

UNIT-I (8 Hr.)

INTRODUCTION Non-linear programming. Mathematical fundamentals. Numerical evaluation of gradient. Unconstrained Optimization: One dimensional, single variable optimization. Maximum of a function. Unimodal-Fibonacci method. Polynomial based methods.

UNIT-II (7 Hr.)

UNCONSTRAINED MINIMIZATION Multivariable functions. Necessary and sufficient conditions for optimality. Convexity. Steepest Descent Method -Convergence Characteristics. Conjugate Gradient Method. Linear programming -Simplex Method.

UNIT-III (8 Hr.)

CONSTRAINED MINIMIZATION Non-linear programming. Gradient based methods. Rosens`s gradient, Zoutendijk`s method, Generalized reduced gradient, Sequential quadratic programming. Sufficient condition for optimality.

UNIT-IV (9 Hr.)

DIRECT SEARCH METHODS : Direct search methods for nonlinear optimization. Cyclic coordinate search. Hooke and Jeeves Pattern search method. Generic algorithm. Discrete And Dynamic Programming: Integer and discrete programming. Branch and bound algorithm for mixed integers. General definition of dynamic programming problem. Problem modeling and computer implementation. Shortest path problem.

UNIT –V (8 Hr.)

OPTIMIZATION APPLICATION: Transportation problem. Transportation simplex method. Network problems. Maximum flow in networks. General definition of dynamic programming. Problem modeling and computer implementation. Finite Element Based Optimization: Parameter optimization using gradient methods -Derivative calculation. Shape optimization. Topology optimization of continuum structures

After Class Students should learn:

1. Implementation of Symbol Table
2. Develop a lexical analyzer to recognize a few patterns in C. (Ex. identifiers, constants, comments, operators etc.)
3. Implementation of Lexical Analyzer using LEX Tool
4. Convert the BNF rules into YACC form and write code to generate Abstract Syntax Tree.
5. Implement control flow analysis and Data flow Analysis
7. Implement any one storage allocation strategies (Heap, Stack, Static)
8. Implementation of Simple Code Optimization Techniques (Constant Folding., etc.)

TEXT BOOK

1. George Leitmann, Optimization Techniques, Volume 51st Edition, ISBN: 9780080955131, Academic Press

REFERENCES BOOK

1.Foulds, L. R., Optimization Techniques anIntroduction, springer

CSA-705
Project Stage-I

SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT NAME	L	T	P	TOTAL CRADIT
CSA-705	PROJECT STAGE-I	-	-	10	5

Students must observe following points to enrich their learning in electrical engineering during industrial training:

- The training must be the advance/ different already done on minor training
- Industrial environment and work culture
- Organizational structure and inter personal communication
- Machines/ equipment/ instruments -their working and specifications.
- Product development procedures and phases.
- Project planning, monitoring and control.
- Quality control and assurance.-Maintenance system.
- Costing system.-Stores and purchase systems.-Roles and responsibilities of different categories of personnel.
- Customer services.
- Problems related to various areas of Work etc.
- Layout if any

To be submitted :The students has to submit the power point presentation of minimum15 slides of the training performed (comprising of points stated above) along with the original certificate of training performed with proper seal and signature of the authorized person.

CSA-706
Self-Study/GD/Seminar

SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT NAME	L	T	P	TOTAL CRADIT
CSA-706	SELF STUDY/GD/SEMINAR	-	-	2	1

Objective

To improve the mass communication and convincing / understanding skills of students and it is to give student an opportunity to exercise their rights to express themselves. Evaluation will be done by assigned faculty based on group discussion and power point presentation. A group discussion among students is being organized to see and evaluate their thinking skills, listening abilities and how they are communicating their thoughts. One should learn to control the conversation through listening attentively and then having the perseverance to mold it towards his/her own direction.

Outcomes:

- Analytical thinking
- Lateral thinking
- constructive argument
- Communication skill
- Presentation of views

Students will discuss the course related and interdisciplinary topics for problem solving. They will improve the mass communication and convincing / understanding skills about subject and their related problem in a group of students.